- - 56. The method of claim 39 wherein said biological sample and said control biological sample are from one or more genetically identical individuals.
 - 57. The method of claim 56 wherein the individual is a human.
- 58. The method of claim 27 wherein said biological sample and said control biological sample are from one or more genetically identical individuals.
 - 59. The method of daim 58 wherein the individual is a human.
- 60. A method of identifying a marker diagnostic, prognostic or indicative of appropriate therapy for a disease state, comprising:
- a) obtaining a biological sample from a subject having obesity, osteoporosis, diabetes, osteoarthritis or hypertension;
 - b) determining levels of proteins in the proteome in said biological sample;
- c) comparing the levels of each protein in said proteome to levels of said each protein in the proteome of a control biological sample from a subject not having the disease state or a control standard; and
 - d) determining which proteins have statistically significantly higher or lower levels in each sample, wherein said markers have a statistically significantly higher or lower level in comparison between the two samples.
 - 61. The method of claim 60 wherein said biological sample and said control biological sample are from one or more genetically identical individuals.
 - 62. The method of claim 61 wherein the individual is a human.
 - 63. The marker diagnostic, prognostic or indicative of appropriate therapy for a disease state determined by the mathod of claim 60.